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- The difference between the valour of the Irish rebels and the Spaniards was, that the one *ran away* before they were charged, and the other fought after. *Bacon.*
- I do not see a face
Worthy a man; that dares look up and stand
One thunder out; but downward all like beafts
Running away at every flash. *Benj. Johnson.*
- The rest dispers'd *run*, some disguis'd,
To unknown coasts; some to the shores do fly. *Daniel.*
- They, when they're out of hopes of flying,
Will *run away* from death by dying. *Hudibras.*
- Your child shrieks; and *runs away* at a frog. *Locke.*
9. To stream; to flow.
My statues,
Like a fountain, with a hundred spouts,
Did *run* pure blood. *Shakefp. Julius Cesar.*
- I command, that the conduit *run* nothing but claret. *Shak.*
- The precious ointment upon the head *run* down upon Aaron's beard. *Psaln cxxxiii. 2.*
- In some houses, waifsots will sweat, so that they will almost *run* with water. *Bacon's Natu. al History.*
- Rivers *run* potable gold. *Milton.*
- Caucus roll'd a crimson flood,
And Thebes *ran* red with her own natives blood. *Dryden.*
- The greatest vessel, when full, if you pour in still, it must *run* out some way, and the more it *runs* out at one side, the less it *runs* out at the other. *Temple.*
- Imnumerable islands were covered with flowers, and interwoven with shining fens that *ran* among them. *Addison.*
- Her fields he cloath'd, and cheer'd her blasted face
With *running* fountains and with springing grafs. *Addison.*
10. To be liquid; to be fluid.
In lead melted, when it beginneth to congeal, make a little hole, in which put quicksilver wrapped in a piece of linnen, and it will fix and *run* no more, and endure the hammer. *Bacon's Natural History.*
- Stiff with eternal ice, and hid in snow,
The mountain stands; nor can the rising sun
Unfix her frosts, and teach 'em how to *run*. *Addison.*
- As wax dissolves, as ice begins to *run*,
And trickle into drops before the sun,
So melts the youth. *Addison's Ovid's Metam.*
11. To be subtle; to melt.
Her form glides through me, and my heart gives way;
This iron heart, which no impression took
From wars, melts down, and *runs*, if she but look. *Dryden.*
- Suffix iron once *run* freely in the fire. *Woodward.*
- Your iron must not burn in the fire; that is, *run* or melt;
for then it will be brittle. *Moxon's Mech. Exerc.*
12. To pass; to proceed.
You, having *run* through so much publick business, have found out the secret so little known, that there is a time to give it over. *Temple's Miscellanies.*
- If there remains an eternity to us after the short revolution of time, we so swiftly *run* over here, 'tis clear, that all the happiness, that can be imagined in this fleeting state, is not valuable in respect of the future. *Locke.*
13. To go away; to vanish.
As fast as our time *runs*, we should be very glad in most parts of our lives that it *ran* much faster. *Addison.*
14. To have a legal course; to be practised.
Customs *run* only upon our goods imported or exported, and that but once for all; whereas interest *runs* as well upon our ships as goods, and must be yearly paid. *Child.*
15. To have a course in any direction.
A hound *runs* counter, and yet draws dry foot well. *Sha.*
- Little is the wisdom, where the flight
So *runs* against all reason. *Shakefp. Macbeth.*
- That punishment follows not in this life the breach of this rule, and consequently has not the force of a law, in countries where the generally allowed practice *runs* counter to it, is evident. *Locke.*
- Had the present war *run* against us, and all our attacks upon the enemy been vain, it might look like a degree of frenzy to be determined on so impracticable an undertaking. *Addison.*
16. To pass in thought or speech.
Cou'd you hear the annals of our fate;
Through such a train of woes if I should *run*,
The day wou'd sooner than the tale be done. *Dryden.*
- By reading, a man antedates his life; and this way of *running* up beyond one's nativity, is better than Plato's pre-existence. *Collier.*
- Virgil, in his first Georgick, has *run* into a set of precepts foreign to his subject. *Addison's Essay on the Georgicks.*
- Raw and injudicious writers propose one thing for their subject, and *run* off to another. *Felton.*
17. To be mentioned cursorily or in few words.
The whole *runs* on short, like articles in an account, whereas, if the subject were fully explained, each of them might take up half a page. *Arbutnot on Coins.*
18. To have a continual tenour of any kind.
Discourses *run* thus among the clearest observers: it was

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- said, that the prince, without any imaginable stain of his religion, had, by the sight of foreign courts, much corroborated his judgement. *Wotton's Buckingham.*
- The king's ordinary style *runneth*, our sovereign lord the king. *Saunderson.*
19. To be buffed upon.
His grisly beard his pensive bosom fought,
And all on Lausus *ran* his restless thought. *Dryden.*
- When we desire any thing, our minds *run* wholly on the good circumstances of it; when 'tis obtained, our minds *run* wholly on the bad ones. *Swift.*
20. To be popularly known.
Men gave them their own names, by which they *run* a great while in Rome. *Temple.*
21. To have reception, success, or continuance.
She saw with joy the line immortal *run*,
Each fire impress, and glaring in his son. *Pope.*
22. To go on by succession of parts.
To proceed in a train of conduct. *Pope.*
23. To proceed in a train of conduct.
If you suspend your indignation against my brother, till you can derive from him better testimony of his intent, you should *run* a certain course. *Shakefp. King Lear.*
24. To pass into some change.
Is it really desirable, that there should be such a being in the world as takes care of the frame of it, that it do not *run* into confusion, and ruin mankind? *Tilleyson.*
- Wonder at my patience;
Have I not cause to rave, and beat my breast,
To rend my heart with grief, and *run* distracted. *Addison.*
25. To pass.
We have many evils to prevent, and much danger to *run* through. *Taylor.*
26. To proceed in a certain order.
Day yet wants much of his race to *run*. *Milton.*
- Thus in a circle *runs* the peasant's pain,
And the year rolls within itself again. *Dryden.*
- This church is very rich in relics, which *run* up as high as Daniel and Abraham. *Addison's Remarks on Italy.*
- Milk by boiling will change to yellow, and *run* through all the intermediate degrees, till it stops in an intense red. *Art.*
27. To be in force.
The owner hath incurred the forfeiture of eight years profits of his lands, before he cometh to the knowledge of the process that *runneth* against him. *Bacon.*
- The time of instance shall not commence or *run* till after contestation of suit. *Ayliffe's Parergon.*
28. To be generally received.
Neither was he ignorant what report *ran* of himself, and how he had lost the hearts of his subjects. *Kneller.*
29. To be carried on in any manner.
Concessions, that *run* as high as any, the most charitable protestants make. *Atterbury.*
- In popish countries the power of the clergy *runs* higher, and excommunication is more formidable. *Ayliffe's Parergon.*
30. To have a track or course.
Searching the ulcer with my probe, the sinus *run* up above the orifice. *Wijeman's Surgery.*
- One led me over those parts of the mines, where metalline veins *run*. *Dyke.*
31. To pass progressively.
The planets do not of themselves move in curve lines, but are kept in them by some attractive force, which, if once suspended, they would for ever *run* out in right lines. *Chyene.*
32. To make a gradual progress.
The wing'd colonies
There settling, seize the sweets the blossoms yield,
And a low murmur *runs* along the field. *Pope.*
33. To be predominant.
This *run* in the head of a late writer of natural history, who is not wont to have the most lucky hits in the conduct of his thoughts. *Woodward on Fossils.*
34. To tend in growth.
A man's nature *runs* either to herbs or weeds; therefore let him seasonably water the one, and destroy the other. *Bar.*
35. To grow exuberantly.
Joseph is a fruitful bough, whose branches *run* over the wall. *Genesis xlix. 22.*
- Study your race, or the soil of your family will dwindle into cits or *run* into wits. *Tatler, N^o 75.*
- If the richness of the ground cause turnips to *run* to leaves, treading down the leaves will help their rooting. *Motimer.*
- In some, who have *run* up to men without a liberal education, many great qualities are darkened. *Felton.*
- Magnanimity may *run* up to proflusion or extravagance. *Pope.*
36. To exceed pus or matter.
Whether his flesh *run* with his illness, or be stopped, it is his uncleanness. *Leviticus xiii. 3.*
37. To become irregular; to change to something wild.
Many have *run* out of their wits for women. *Edr. iv.*
- Our king return'd,
The muse *ran* mad to see her exil'd lord;
On the crack'd stage the bedlam heroes roar'd. *Granville.*
38. To

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38. To get by artifice or fraud.
Hath publick faith, like a young heir,
For this tak'n up all sorts of ware,
And *run* int' ev'ry tradesman's book,
'Till both turn'd bankrupts. *Hudibras, p. i.*
- Run* in trust, and pay for it out of your wages. *Swift.*
39. To fall by haste, passion, or folly into fault or misfortune.
If thou rememb'rest not the lightest folly,
That ever love did make thee *run* into;
Thou hast not lov'd. *Shakefp. As You Like it.*
- Solyman himself, in punishing the perjury of another, *ran* into wilful perjury himself, perverting the commendation of justice, which he had so much desired by his most bloody and unjust sentence. *Kneller's History of the Turks.*
- From not using it right, come all those mistakes we *run* into in our endeavours after happiness. *Locke.*
40. To fall; to pass.
In the middle of a rainbow, the colours are sufficiently distinguished; but near the borders they *run* into one another, so that you hardly know how to limit the colours. *Watts.*
41. To have a general tendency.
Temperate climates *run* into moderate governments, and the extremes into despotick power. *Swift.*
42. To proceed as on a ground or principle.
It is a confederating with him, to whom the sacrifice is offered: for upon that the apostle's argument *runs*. *Atterbury.*
43. To go on with violence.
Tarquin, *running* into all the methods of tyranny, after a cruel reign was expelled. *Swift.*
44. To *Run after*. To search for; to endeavour at, though out of the way.
The mind, upon the suggestion of any new notion, *runs after* finities, to make it the clearer to itself, which, though it may be useful in explaining our thoughts to others, is no right method to settle true notions in ourselves. *Locke.*
45. To *Run away with*. To hurry without consent.
Thoughts will not be directed what objects to pursue, but *run away with* a man in pursuit of those ideas they have in view. *Locke.*
46. To *Run in with*. To close; to comply.
I though Ramus *run in with* the first reformers of learning, in his opposition to Aristotle; yet he has given us a plausible system. *Baker.*
47. To *Run on*. To be continued.
If, through our too much security, the same should *run on*, soon might we feel our estate brought to those lamentable terms, whereof this hard and heavy sentence was by one of the ancients uttered. *Hooker.*
48. To *Run over*. To be so full as to overflow.
He fills his famish'd maw, his mouth *runs o'er*
With unchev'd morsels, while he churns the gore. *Dryden.*
49. To be so much as to overflow.
Milk while it boils, or wine while it works, *run* over the vessels they are in, and possess more place than when they were cool. *Digby on Bodies.*
50. To *Run out*. To be at an end.
When a lease had *run out*, he stipulated with the tenant to resign up twenty acres, without lessening his rent, and no great abatement of the fine. *Swift.*
51. To *Run out*. To spread exuberantly.
Infecile animals, for want of blood, *run* all out into legs. *Hammond.*
- The zeal of love *runs out* into fuckers, like a fruitful tree. *Taylor's Rule of Living Holy.*
- Some papers are written with regularity; others *run out* into the wildness of essays. *Spektator.*
52. To *Run out*. To expatiate.
Nor is it sufficient to *run out* into beautiful digressions, unless they are something of a piece with the main design of the Georgick. *Addison's Essay on the Georgicks.*
- On all occasions, she *run out* extravagantly in praise of Hocus. *Arbutnot.*
- They keep to their text, and *run out* upon the power of the pope, to the diminution of councils. *Baker.*
- He shews his judgment, in not letting his fancy *run out* into long descriptions. *Bryant's Notes on the Odyssey.*
53. To *Run out*. To be wasted or exhausted.
He hath *run out* himself, and led forth
His desp'rate party with him; blown together
Aids of all kinds. *Benj. Johnson's Catiline.*
- Th' estate *runs out*, and mortgages are made,
Their fortune ruin'd, and their fame betray'd. *Dryden.*
- From growing riches with good cheer,
To *running out* by flaring here. *Swift.*
- So little gets for what he gives,
We really wonder how he lives!
And had her stock been less, no doubt,
She must have long ago *run out*. *Swift.*
54. To *Run, v. a*.
1. To pierce; to stab.
Poor Rameo is already dead, *run* through the ear with a love song. *Shakefp. Romeo and Juliet.*

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- Hipparchus, going to marry, consulted Philander upon the occasion; Philander represented his mistress in such strong colours, that the next morning he received a challenge, and before twelve he was *run* through the body. *Spektator.*
2. To force; to drive.
In nature, it is not convenient to consider every difference that is in things, and divide them into distinct classes: this will *run* us into particulars, and we shall be able to establish no general truth. *Locke.*
- Though putting the mind unprepared upon an unusual field may discourage it, yet this must not *run* it, by an over-great shyness of difficulties, into a lazy sauntering about ordinary things. *Locke.*
3. To force into any way or form.
Some, used to mathematical figures, give a preference to the methods of that science in divinity or politick enquiries; others, accustomed to retired speculations, *run* natural philosophy into metaphysical notions. *Locke.*
- What is raised in the day, settles in the night; and its cold *runs* the thin juices into thick fizy substances. *Chyene.*
- The daily complaisance of gentlemen *runs* them into variety of expressions; whereas your scholars are more close, and frugal of their words. *Felton on the Criticks.*
4. To drive with violence.
They *run* the ship aground. *Acts xxvii. 41.*
- This proud Turk offered scornfully to pass by without vailing, which the Venetian captains not enduring, set upon him with such fury, that the Turks were enforced to *run* both their gallees on shore. *Kneller's History of the Turks.*
- A talkative person *runs* himself upon great inconveniences, by blabbing out his own or others secrets. *Ray.*
5. To melt.
The purest gold must *be run* and washed. *Felton.*
6. To incur.
He *runneth* two dangers, that he shall not be faithfully counsel'd, and that he shall have hurtful counsel given. *Bacon.*
- 'Tis tale I tell is only of a cock,
Who had not *run* the hazard of his life,
Had he believ'd his dream, and not his wife. *Dryden.*
- Consider the hazard I have *run* to see you here. *Dryden.*
- O that I could now prevail with any one to count up what he hath got by his most beloved sins, what a dreadful danger he *runs*. *Calamy.*
- I shall *run* the danger of being suspected to have forgot what I am about. *Locke.*
7. To venture; to hazard.
He would himself be in the Highlands to receive them, and *run* his fortune with them. *Clarendon.*
- Take here her reliques and her gods, to *run*
With them thy fate, with them new walls expect. *Denb.*
- A wretched exil'd crew
Resolv'd, and willing under my command,
To *run* all hazards both of sea and land. *Dryden.*
8. To import or export without duty.
Heavy impositions lessen the import, and are a strong temptation of *running* goods. *Swift.*
9. To prosecute in thought.
To *run* the world back to its first original, and view nature in its cradle, to trace the outgoings of the ancient of days in the first instance of his creative power, is a research too great for mortal enquiry. *South.*
- The world hath not stood so long, but we can still *run* it up to those artless ages, when mortals lived by plain nature. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth.*
- I would gladly understand the formation of a soul, and *run* it up to its *punctum saliens*. *Collier.*
- I have chosen to present you with some peculiar thoughts, rather than *run* a needless treatise upon the subject at length. *Felton.*
10. To push.
Some English speakers *run* their hands into their pockets, others look with great attention on a piece of blank paper. *Add.*
11. To *Run down*. To chafe to weariness.
They *run down* a flag, and the ass divided the prey very honestly. *L'Estrange's Fables.*
12. To *Run down*. To crush; to overbear.
Though out-number'd, overthrown,
And by the fate of war *run down*,
Their duty never was defeated. *Hudibras, p. iii.*
- Some corrupt affections in the soul urge him on with such impetuous fury, that, when we see a man overborn and *run down* by them, we cannot but pity the person, while we abhor the crime. *South's Sermons.*
- It is no such hard matter to convince or *run down* a drunkard, and to answer any pretences he can alledge for his sin. *South's Sermons.*
- The common cry
Then *ran* you down for your rank loyalty. *Dryden.*
- Religion is *run down* by the license of these times. *Berkley.*
13. To *Run over*. To recount cursorily.
I shall *run* them over slightly, remarking chiefly what is obvious to the eye. *Ray.*
- I shall